
March 14, 2025

Knights' News

REMINDER: We are a latex-free building as well. No latex balloons are allowed in the building!



Announcements

March 18th School Board Meeting

March 21st Early out at 12:35pm

March 21st End of 3rd Quarter

Have a great weekend!

Articles

Whitetail Deer

Ayden O. 11th grade

Whitetail deer, scientifically known as *Odocoileus virginianus*, are one of the most common and widespread species of deer in North America. These graceful creatures are easily recognizable by the characteristic white underside of their tails, which they often raise as a signal of alarm. Whitetail deer are highly adaptable and can thrive in a variety of habitats, from dense forests and swamps to open fields and suburban areas. Whitetail deer are primarily herbivores, feed on a diverse diet that includes leaves, twigs, fruits, and nuts. During the warmer months, they graze on grass and forbs, while in the winter, they rely more on woody vegetation. This varied diet helps them to survive in different environments and seasons. Whitetail deer have a keen sense of smell and hearing, which helps them detect predators and find food. Their large, expressive eyes are adapted for low-light conditions, allowing them to be active during dawn and dusk, which are their peak feeding times. The breeding season for whitetail deer, known as rut, occurs in the fall. During this time, bucks (male deer) become more aggressive and compete for the attention of females (female deer). Bucks grow antlers each year, which they use to fight other males and establish dominance. These antlers are shed in the winter after the breeding season. Whitetail deer are also known for their strong maternal instincts. Does give birth to one to three fawns in the spring, which they hide in tall grass or brush to protect them from predators. The fawns are born with white spots on their coats, providing camouflage in their natural surroundings. Overall, whitetail deer are a vital part of the ecosystem, contributing to the biodiversity of their habitats. They are also an important game species, providing recreational opportunities for hunters and wildlife enthusiasts. Despite facing threats from habitat loss and disease, whitetail deer populations remain robust, thanks to conservation efforts and their remarkable adaptability.

Airsoft

Cooper P.H 11th Grade

Airsoft, also known as “survival game,” in Japan where it originated from, is a popular team-based shooting game in which participants work together to eliminate opposing players out-of-play by shooting them with plastic projectiles shot from realistic replica airsoft guns. It combines elements of strategy and

teamwork; it provides participants with an exciting and immersive experience. One of the key aspects of airsoft is the emphasis on strategy and thought-out tactics. Players must work together to achieve objectives, such as capturing a flag, defending an area, or eliminating opponents. Communication and coordination is essential, making airsoft not just a test of skill but also of teamwork. There are many different game modes, like military simulation (Mil-Sim) or face-paced battles, offering a variety of challenges and experiences for players of all levels. Safety is a crucial part of airsoft, and participants are required to wear protective gear, primarily eye protection. Unlike paintball, airsoft BBs do not leave visible markings, so the game heavily relies on an honor system where players have to call their own hits, emphasizing honesty and good sportsmanship. For many people, airsoft is more than just a hobby. It's a way to develop leadership, problem solving skills, and physical fitness while of course having fun. The combination of strategy, excitement, and friendship makes airsoft a unique, and rewarding sport that continues to attract and inspire players worldwide, welcoming those from diverse backgrounds and age groups, where everyone can contribute their skills and perspectives.

Doves

Haleigh B. 10th grade

Doves are gentle and beautiful birds that have captured the hearts of many. Known for their soft cooing sounds and graceful flight, they symbolize peace and love in various cultures around the world. These birds belong to the family Columbidae, which includes over 300 species. Doves are often seen in urban areas, parks, and gardens, where they forage for seeds and fruits. They have a unique ability to adapt to different environments, making them a common sight in many places. One of the most recognized species is the white dove, often associated with weddings and ceremonies. Their pure white feathers and calm demeanor make them a perfect symbol of love and harmony. Doves are also known for their strong pair bonds, often mating for life. They communicate with each other through a variety of coos and calls, creating a soothing atmosphere wherever they are found. Overall, doves are not just beautiful creatures, but they also carry deep meanings that resonate with many people.

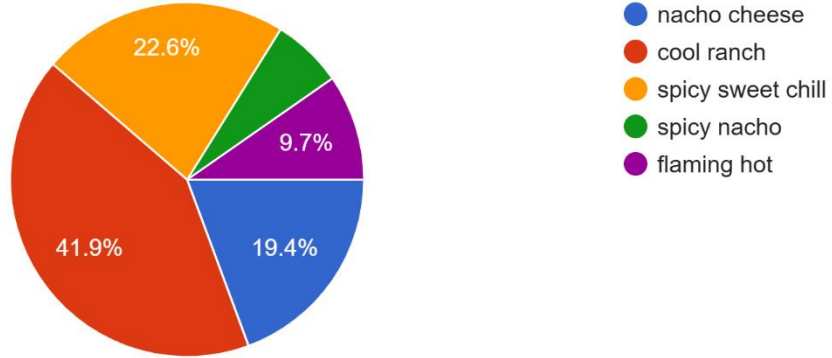
Saint Patrick's Day

Austyn O. 9th Grade

St. Patrick, patron saint of Ireland. Born in Roman Britain in the late fourth century, he was kidnapped at the age of sixteen and taken to Ireland as a slave. He escaped but returned about 432 ce to convert the Irish to Christianity. By the time of his death on March 17, 461, he had established monasteries, churches, and schools. Many legends grew up around him—for example, that he drove the snakes out of Ireland and used the shamrock to explain the Trinity. Ireland came to celebrate his day with religious services and feasts. St. Patrick's Day A St. Patrick's Day parade in New York City, 2017. What is the origin of St. Patrick's Day? Learn more about the holiday of St. Patrick's Day. Who was the real St. Patrick? Learn more about the life and career of St. Patrick. How many Americans have Irish ancestry? Overview of the people of Ireland, with a focus on the impact of the mass emigration to the United States during the 19th century. It was emigrants, particularly to the United States, who transformed St. Patrick's Day into a secular holiday of revelry and celebration of things Irish. Cities with large numbers of Irish immigrants, who often wielded political power, staged the most extensive celebrations, which included elaborate parades. Boston held its first St. Patrick's Day parade in 1737, followed by New York City in 1762. Since 1962 Chicago has colored its river green to mark the holiday. Irish and non-Irish alike commonly participate in the "wearing of the green"—sporting an item of green clothing or a shamrock, the Irish national plant, in the lapel. Corned beef and cabbage are associated with the holiday, and even beer is sometimes dyed green to celebrate the day. Although some of these practices eventually were adopted by the Irish themselves, they did so largely for the benefit of tourists.

Whats your favorite kind of Doritos?

31 responses



Week 26 Kids Thoughts

Favorite Spring activities

Joshua-Riding his bike

Saul-Riding his dirt bike

Mason- Playing soccer

